Numb. 313.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From November 28. to December 5. 1734.

Mr. FRANKLIN,

AS you are acquainted with the Character which Mr. LEWIS has left behind him among People who have a true Taſte for Learning, and have reprinted ſeveral of his beautiful Pieces of Poetry, I think you a fit Perſon to communicate the Reflections to, that I made upon peruſing the underwritten ELEGY. It was ſhewn me by a Friend who lately receiv'd it in a Letter from *Maryland*, and I return'd his Kindneſs with no good Temper, being penſive and offended at the Reading it. As I grew contemplative on the Occaſion, I remember'd the ill Succeſs of the Aſs in the Fable, who obſerving the kind Uſage of the Dog, would imitate him in fawning on his Maſter and leaping up againſt him; which at the firſt Thought ſeem'd to me a parallel Caſe with a blundering unnatural Rhymer's publiſhing his Elegy on the Death of a fine Poet. But further Thinking corrected me in that haſty Opinion. It is a Caſe more to be commiſerated than ſeverely chaſtiſed. When a Man from no Views to Self Intereſt or Fame, but real Affection to his deceaſed Friend, ſpeaks the beſt Things of him that he can, tho' in an impolite Manner, I think he ſhould ſuffer no greater Hardſhip, than being adviſed, by thoſe who know him, and are capable, not to expoſe his own Weakneſs; for tho' he may be certain of the Sincerity of his Love, he is Miſtaken in his Ability of ſaying any Thing to his Friends Reputation. A Sentiment like this of mine is I think in one of the Letters of the *Turkiſh-Spy*, which I can't juſt now turn to, that the two Slaves who were under Confinement for a Piece of Superſtition, in eating up a pretty many Verſicles of the Alcoran, would not he hoped, be condemn'd to any ſevere Puniſhment for their miſtaken Zeal. But while Men are left to their own Inclinations and Opinions, Errors of theſe Kinds will frequently happen; and perhaps it ought to be ſo. Yet in Regard to Writings, wherein Religion is in no wiſe concern'd, I have thought of an Expedient, whereby all mean Writers, who ſcribble becauſe of their Poverty or their Loving-Kindneſs, may receive an ample Reward for their Labours, without having their Works publickly expoſed, to the Diſhonour of them and the Place where they reſide: And I humbly hope my Expedient will not only be approved of by the Author of the mentioned Elegy, but by *John Dommett*, who lately receiv'd a generous Gift of Twenty Shillings from an honourable Gentleman, for a Performance nearly related in Tenor and true Meaning to the ſaid Elegy. I would have an Office and publick Fund erected in each County of this and the Neighbouring Provinces, and Perſons of Learning, Judgment and Probity appointed Officers; before whom all ſuch Writings as I am ſpeaking of, that are deſign'd for the Preſs, ſhould be laid; and ſuch as deſerve Praiſe, and are above Price, ſhould be allow'd Publication: But ſuch as I have mentioned, ſhould be paid for in Ready Money, and only a ſhort Advertiſement printed, to ſhew the Merit of the Authors and the Juſtice of the Office, e. g. *This Day was laid before us,* &c. *An Elegy on the much lamented Death of Mr.* Richard Lewis, *&c. And an Epitaph; both in Engliſh, with a Concluſion in Latin. By* W. Byfeild, *late of* New-Caſtle *upon* Tine. *For which he was paid* Thirty Shillings, *it being an elaborate Performance; and the ſaid Elegy, &c. order'd to be carefully lock'd up.*

Sir, I am yours.

[redacted]

An ELEGY on the much to be lamented Death of Mr. RICHARD LEWIS, *late Maſter of the Free-School of the City of* ANNAPOLIS.

THIS City's loſt their Pedagogue of Art,
More exquiſite than any in this Part.
As to his verſifying Parts, I may,
Without Preſumption, abſolutely ſay,
He was a Second *MILTON*; and cou'd chime
In lofty Strain, when he was pleas'd to Rhime.
He was more Eloquent, (tho' cropt more Young,)
Than learned *CICERO*, or a ſweeter Tongue.
And could but *VIRGIL* ſee his lofty Strain,
He wou'd condemn his own to th' Flames again.
Perute his Works, and you will quickly find
His Breaſt retain'd an Heav'nly enamell'd Mind.
My deareſt Friend, Oh! that I could rehearſe
Thy living Virtues with a living Verſe!
But when the beſt of my Endeavour's done,
I ſhall but light a Candle to the Sun,
Who am griev'd to th' Heart, thy Glaſs ſo ſoon is run.

An EPITAPH.

O Cruel Fate, could'ſt thou not miſs!
But ſtrike with Death, our RARE LEWIS!
Could'ſt thou not have ſtruck at me,
And ſent me firſt to Eternity?
That he might've made my Elegy,
---------- *Not I his.*

Corpus, Mens, Animus, concluſum libera clarus,
Eſt fruitur ſpectat Carcere, Pace, Deo.
Aliter
Marmore concluſum Corpus, Mens libera, clare,
Exultans ſpectat, perfruiturque Deo.

By *W. Byfeild*, late of *New-Caſtle* upon *Tine*.

From the Univerſal Spectator, *Aug.* 3. 1734.

A remarkable Inſtance of filial Piety.

A Few Nights ſince I was in Company with a Gentleman that was in the Road of *Algiers* ſome Years ago, and was an Eye and Ear Witneſs of the following Story. One Day as ſome *Chriſtian* Captives, who had been ranſomed, were going to be diſcharg'd, the Town-Cruizers brought in a *Swediſh* Veſſel; one of them hearing it was of

that

Nation, and being from thence himſelf, was very deſirous to ſee the Crew, when to his great ſurprize he ſaw his own Father (who was Maſter of the Ship) in the Company; the Son knew the Father, but the Father (who had left him when a Youth many Years) knew not the Son, having given him up as dead, long before, not hearing any Thing of him. The Son ſoon made himſelf known to the Father, who embraced him with great Tenderneſs; but their Unhappineſs to meet in that Place was grievous to them both. The young Man addreſs'd himſelf to his Father in this Manner: *The Slavery you are going into will be inſupportable to you, and ſoon put an End to your Life, the Thoughts of which is Death to me; I have been here a great many Years, and know the Country, the People, and their Work; if they will accept me in your room, I will go back into Slavery, and you ſhall go home again; I know, if it ſhould pleaſe God to enable you, or raiſe Friends, I ſhall be redeem'd; if not, God's Will be done.* The Moors readily accepted the Exchange; ſo the Father returned Home, and the Son back in his ſtead into Slavery. How rare are ſuch Sons! *A. Z.*

Extract of our Private Advices from Paris.

Before the laſt Battle in Italy.

Multiplicy of perparative Incidents towards the immediate bringing on ſome Action of Conſequence and Importance between the Allied, French, and the Imperial Armies, as well near the Secchia as the Rhine, is all the Subject of our preſent Diſcourſe here, and takes up all our Thought and Converſation at preſent. The different Articles of News leading to the ſo much expected Reſult of a new Siege or a bloody Battle in both Places, thicken upon us apace, and daily raiſe and heighten more in the Minds of the curious, an uneaſy Impatience to hear as ſoon as poſſible ſome certain Accounts of Events ſo conſiderable, which we think coming by every new Perſon that enters Paris in a Poſt-Chaiſe, or looks any Thing like a Courier or a Meſſenger of News. What have whetted the Edge of our Curioſity are the following Articles, which plainly denote each Army preparing ſuddenly either for a new Siege or a Battle.

From the Camp at Bondanello we learn by Letters of the 25th paſt, that the King's Troops and thoſe of the King of Sardinia lay ſtill encamp'd there; and that the King of Sardinia's general Quarters were at San Benedetto, and thoſe of Count de Konigſegg at Quingentoil; but that he had drawn the Left of his Army into a narrower Compaſs, which was at firſt extended to the Height of Quiſtello; for the Marſhal de Coigny was advanc'd to the Banks of the Secchia, and had fix'd his Quarters in Caſſines over againſt Quiſtello: That Village which is at the Head of one of the four Bridges we have upon the Secchia, being in the Hands of a Detachment of our Troops: That a Brigadier, with a 1000 Foot, goes up every Day to Quiſtello; adding withal, that as yet they could not adviſedly endeavour to make themſelves Maſters of Mirandola, without firſt running the Risk of a ſecond ſharp and general Engagement.

Since this News came from that Camp, a Report runs current here, that the Imperialiſts have advanc'd ſome Piece of Cannon and Mortars, on the 26th at Night, upon their Left, which gives ground to believe that they deſign to cannonade and bombard Quiſtello, which Village we have been fortifying, as likely to be of great Uſe to our Purpoſes, being on the other ſide of the Secchia, and facing exactly one of the Bridges we have made acroſs that River, to facilitate our better coming at the Enemy, whenever ſuch an Attack ſhall be deemed proper. Mean while we have an Account, that a Detachment of our Carabineers and Huſſars had met a Party of the Emperor's Cuiraſſiers, whom they took Priſoners; and few Days paſs, it ſeems, but that 10, 12, or more, Deſerters come over from the Enemy. Our Nearneſs to the Enemy makes it eaſy for them to deſert in this Manner, and at the ſame Time gives Occaſion likewiſe of our having frequent little Skirmiſhes, with them. This Quingentoil, where Count Conigſegg is encamped, on his Right, is a Palace belonging to the Biſhop of Rovero, and ſo ſituated, that we cannot well put in Practice our projected Deſign to beſiege Mirandola, without firſt obliging him to quit that Poſt; and as there is a fine large open Plain in the Neighbourhood, which will admit the Cavalry of both Armies to engage, it may poſſibly be made the next Scene of Action: For as Matters ſtand, a Battle is certainly expected very ſoon, as a Thing that cannot well be avoided on their Side, before any Thing can be undertaken about Mirandola, which is the Darling Point of View for us on the Offenſive, and for them on the Defenſive. Certain it is their Cavalry is very fine and pretty numerous, but then their Infantry is much too ſmall in Number for ours, after all their Reinforcements, and are ſo maul'd and diſpirited ſince the bloody Fight at Parma, where they ſuffer'd ſo ſorely, that if they miſcarry in a new Engagement, as they did in that, they will impute it probably now to the Fault and Defect of the Weakneſs of their Foot, as they did before to the Impoſſibility of their Cavalry coming up to partake and have any Share in the Action. Our Cavalry and Infantry both are in as good Order as can be wiſh'd, always ready for Action whenever their Officers (who breath a Spirit of Triumph and Victory, and being encouraged with Honours and Rewards, encourage the Soldiers under them in like Manner) ſhall call them to a freſh Battle, in which they promiſe themſelves the ſame Hopes of Succeſs as they gain'd before, which, if it anſwers, muſt terminate in quite exterminating the Enemy from the Modeneze. ----- Full of this high Spirit of Triumph, and pleaſed with theſe noble Views of gathering freſh Laurels, and carrying new Victories into Italy, they are making new Rejoicings in their Camp, notwithſtanding the Nearneſs of the Enemy, for the late Succeſſes of their Friends and Countrymen over the Imperialiſts in Germany, and on the Banks of the Rhine. And we are inform'd by Letters from Bourg Martin, dated July 16, that on the Evening of that Day, about Four or Five o'Clock, the King of Sardinia was to View the Army, which would be drawn up in Battalia, after which 'tis aſſur'd, there will be three Volleys of Musket and Cannon Shot, as Rejoicing on the taking of Philipsburg. And in the Morning Te Deum had been ſung, before theſe Letters came from thence.

A particular Account of the Battle following theſe Preparations will be inſerted in our next.

Dublin, Sept. 14. The Mails which arrived late laſt Sunday Night from Holland mention, that the Imperial Army is ſtill near Heidelburg, that they were obliged to fetch their Forage upwards of eight Leagues, which tired the Horſe to Death, and that it was ſo ſcarce even at that Diſtance, that the Foragers could not get a ſufficient Supply for two Days at one time: That the Huſſars follow the French Army cloſe, and pick up all Stragglers: That the Imperialiſts have about 4000 ſick in their Army; and that the Neighbouring Roads are become dangerous to Paſſengers, ſeveral Perſons having been lately found kill'd. A great Firing having been heard the 7th Inſtant, towards Philipsburg, 'tis thought there has been ſome ſmart Rencounter berween the Parties.

We learn from all hands, That both Armies are fatigued; the French having deſtroyed the Forage in the Country round Offembourg, are retiring croſs the Rhine to refreſh themſelves; and it is ſaid Winter-Quarters are preparing for the Imperialiſts.

They write from Italy, that a Battle was expected there, both Armies having ſent away their Baggage, &c. and that the Allies had detach'd 20 Battalions and ſix Squadrons croſs the River Secchia, to intercept the 5000 Croatians coming to reinforce the Imperial Army.

Briſtol, Sept. 14. The Entry which our Hon. Recorder John Scrope, Eſq; made into this City laſt Monday in the Evening, in order to hold the General Goal Delivery, exceeded any other on that Occaſion ſince his Recorderſhip; the Gentlemen on Horſeback, in Coaches, Chariots, &c. were very numerous, and the Weavers and Combers dreſs'd in their cuſtomary Apparels, made the Cavalcade extend a great Length, with Muſick before them; and the Bells rung the greateſt part of the Day and Evening.

On Wedneſday Morning the following Priſoners were brought upon their Trials at the Guild-Hall, viz.

Thomas Kitchingman, a Native of Scotland, Samuel Owen, and Thomas Badger, three Centinels belonging to Col. Montagu's Regiment, lately in Quarters here, were all three indicted for wilfully murdering Roger Baron, who kept a little Shop near Pithay Gate, by ſtriking him on the left ſide of the Head, and thereby fracturing his Scull, of which Wound he died on the Spot.

It appeared by ſeveral Depoſitions they had committed ſeveral Outrages that Evening, and had inſulted ſeveral People

People; and that Kitchingman was heard to ſwear he would kill the firſt Man he met with, which unfortunately fell to be the Lot of the Deceaſed, without the leaſt Provocation; but the moſt particular Evidence againſt them, was two Perſons who ſwore poſitively they ſaw one of the Three give the Aſſault, and commit the murder; and another that ſhe ſaw Kitchingman give the Deceaſed ſeveral Blows; ſo that he was the only Perſon found Guilty of the murder, and Owen and Badger of Manſlaughter.

Martha Morgan was indicted for the Murder of her Female Baſtard Child, in ſtrangling it with a ſmall Cord, and throwing it into a Bog-houſe; of which ſhe was found Guilty. Death.

John Weſtcott, Mariner, was indicted for uttering two promiſary Notes of Hand, one of which being a Counterfeit of the other for 10 l. drawn by a good Hand Abroad; which he paſs'd off to a Merchant in this City; and was found Guilty. Death.

'Tis thought this Perſon will meet with Compaſſion; for it ſeems one of the Notes was an Original, which he took in Payment for Goods ſold to a Perſon beyond Sea, but getting it Copy'd for fear of loſing the Original, he unfortunately happen'd to give the Copy inſtead of the true Note.

Edward Buck was indicted for Stealing a Silver Tankard, value 4 l. the Property of William Arriel, in this City, and found Guilty to the Value of 30 s. Tranſportation.

James Baker was indicted for feloniouſly Stealing divers Goods the Property of Mr. Nicholas Lodge, Druggiſt, of this City, and found Guilty to the Value of 10 d. Tranſportation.

Jeffery Skuſe, a Boy of 11 Years of Age, was indicted for the horrid and deteſtable Sin of Buggery with a Dog; the Manner of this Action is ſo aſtoniſhing, that an Inſtance like it was never heard of; it being ſworn that the Dog was faſten'd to the Boy. He inform'd the Court, that he had that Day kill'd a Hot Bitch, and ſome of the Blood being about him, was the Occaſion of the Dog following him, and at laſt clung ſo faſt about his Waiſt, as forc'd him on the Ground. But on account of his Youth the Court thought fit to ſhow him Compaſſion, and order'd him to be diſcharg'd. The Judge gave a particular Charge to his Mother to be careful of him for the future, for that his Crime was ſo horrid as to admit of no Inſtance.

The two Perſons who Travers'd their Indictments for Sodomy the laſt Aſſizes, put themſelves on their Trials; and Burgeſs lately in Newgate for the like Crime, but ſav'd from the Halter by being admitted an Evidence againſt the Catamite try'd a few Months ſince at Taunton, and ſeveral others, was alſo an Evidence againſt theſe two Perſons, and ſwore home to the Fact; but it appearing to the Court that Burgeſs offer'd to decline giving his Evidence the Night before, for the Sum of two Guineas, and the Council otherwiſe invalidating his Evidence, as being a Perſon of infamous Repute, they were acquitted.

The other Perſons, relating to the like Affair at the Three Tons in Caſtle Ditch (which has been ſo much the Talk of the Town) were acquitted; but the Jury were ſome Hours in Diſpute, after the Court adjourn'd laſt Thurſday, before they could agree in their Verdict, or the Validity of the two Girls Evidence, particularly againſt one of them, who they ſwore was the Paſſive; and another whoſe Fate depended on this Deciſion, they alſo ſwore to be Active; but at length the Jury gave it in, Not Guilty.

The Trials ending Yeſterday, Thomas Kitchingman, Martha Morgan, and John Weſtcot, receiv'd Sentence of Death; but we hear the latter is this Morning Repriev'd.

Laſt Monday a Sailor fell from the Round-Top of a Ship at the Key, and with the Force of his Deſcent, an Iron Crutch went quite through his Body, of which he died the next Day.

London, Sept. 14. By our Advices from Paris of the 17th N. S. we learn, That there is handed about there the following Project of Accommodation, grounded upon Conjectures of what will be the Reſult of the Congreſs, which 'tis ſtill pretended is to aſſemble this Winter, either at the Hague or at Bruſſels.

I. That the Elector of Saxony ſhall be King of Poland, and the Crown made Hereditary in his Family.

II. That Lorrain ſhall be eſtabliſhed into a Kingdom, under the Title of Thuringa, and be given to King Staniſlaus, reverſible to the Crown of France.

III. That the Duke of Lorrain ſhall marry the Archdutcheſs eldeſt Daughter of the Emperor, and be Elected King of the Romans.

IV. That Don Carlos ſhall marry the ſecond Archdutcheſs, and the Emperor to give him all the Claims he has in Italy.

V. That the Milaneze ſhall be given to the King of of Sardinia, except ſome Places which ſhall be joined to the Dutchies of Parma, Placentia and Tuſcany, which ſhall be given to the Infant Don Philip.

VI. That the Dutchy of Mantua, ſhall be given to the Duke of Lorrain's Brother.

VII. That the Kingdom of Bohemia, with the Title of King ſhall be given to the Elector of Bavaria, and be made Hereditary in his Family.

VIII. That Luxemburg ſhall be diſmantled, and given up to France.

IX. That the Czarina ſhall ſend an Ambaſſador to the King, to acknowledge him Emperor of the French, and give him the Precedency; and the King acknowledge her Majeſty Empreſs of Ruſſia.

The French have recalled the Princes of the Blood from the Army of the Rhine; ſo that the Belief of all the Operations being over for the Campaign is more general than ever.

'Tis now talk'd, that the Fleet is about to ſail for Port Mahone, to ſecure that Place if the Spaniards ſhould think of attacking it.

Univerſal Spectator, Aug. 3. No. 364.

Dux Vitæ dia Voluptas. Lucret.

IF we nicely ſcan the Wiſhes of Mankind, they terminate in ſomething they call *Pleaſure*, of which there are various kinds, for the moſt part comprized under the Title of *Senſuality*. But however great *Corporal Pleaſures* may be imagin'd, the higheſt Pleaſure proceeds from the Exerciſe of the *Mind*, the *Underſtanding* and the *Will*; of which the firſt has *Truth* for its Object, the latter has *Goodneſs*. Here is the *Foundation* of *Happineſs*; therefore the *Epicurean* Syſtem, which made ſupreme Good to conſiſt in an *Indolence* of *Body*, and lazy *Tranquility* of *Mind*, is ridiculous; for they can only hinder what may obſtruct our Happineſs, but by no means *conſtitute* it.

The very Dignity of our *Being* ariſes from our *rational* Powers: whereof our moſt *ſublime Pleaſure* muſt ariſe from the moſt exalted Action of thoſe Powers, *i. e.* to arrive to a State of Bliſs and Perfection. Whoever therefore would make it the ſole End of their Actions to gain the *Favour* of the *Supream Being*, would ſoon find ſuch a Difference between *Intellectual* and *Corporeal* Pleaſures, that he would reject the latter as unworthy of a *rational* Creature.

The Practice of *Virtue*, thus conſider'd, delivers a Man from that *Diſſatisfaction* and *Remorſe* which are the *ſure* Conſequences of *forbidden* Enjoyments; it removes every Fear, and calms every Anguiſh. A Man thus at *Peace* with himſelf, receives an inexpreſſible Pleaſure when he reflects upon his Life, when he finds himſelf free from the Servitude of Vice and Drudgery, of providing for the depray'd Appetites of *Human Nature*. Such a Man is in no fear of Death, but *ſecure* in his *own Virtue*, feels thoſe Tranſports of Joy which are the Anticipations of a *happy Immortality*. But the *Pleaſure* of a *Libertine* will not bear the Teſt of Examination; whereas *Virtue* makes its Followers eaſy and chearful either in publick or private Converſation: The *Good Man* is always in a good Humour, and his inward Satisfaction appears in his Look, his Words, and his Tenderneſs and Good Will to Mankind in general: Thus, tho' Men may boaſt of the bigotted Pleaſure of criminal Delights, in *Virtue* only we find the moſt *ſolid Pleaſure*; therefore as of two Evils the leaſt is to choſen, ſo of two Pleaſures the greateſt ſhould have the Preference.

Boſton, Nov. 14. We have an Account from Albany, That on the 9th of laſt Month, one Fraſier was committed to Goal for murdering his Wife in a moſt barbarous manner: When ſhe was walking abroad in the Field with him. He firſt knock'd her down with a Cag of Rum he had in his Hand, and then wrung her Neck round and ſtamp'd on her Breaſt (as is ſuppoſed by the great Effuſion of Blood at her Mouth) ſo that ſhe died on the Spot. His Cloaths and Cag were all bloody when he was apprehended. Laſt

Laſt Monday in the Afternoon was Executed here, *London* a Negroe Man for a Rape, which Fact tho' he denied it upon his Trial, yet afterwards and at the Place of Execution, he freely confeſs'd it.

We have Advice from North-Carolina, That two Veſſels bound hither from thence, *Hathaway* and *Grindal* Maſters, ſometime laſt Month, ſtruck againſt one another in the Night; *Hathaway's* Veſſel ſunk, and was loſt with her Cargo, but the Men betaking themſelves to their Boat, got ſafe back to *Carolina*: Nothing has been heard of *Grindal* ſince, ſo that 'tis very much fear'd his Veſſel founder'd.

Nov. 18. On the 16th Inſtant about 5 a'Clock in the Morning died John Nelſon, Eſq; with an uncommon calmneſs and ſerenity of Mind that rarely happens to dying Perſons, hardly giving a Groan or altering the Poſture of his Face, more than if going to Sleep when he departed this Life. He was Aged 84 and ſurvived his Conſort but 3 Weeks. As to the Character of this Gentleman who was deſcended from a Family of great Diſtinction in England, (tho' few deſerve a good one better) we are under Obligations to the deceaſed to be ſilent.

We hear from Ipſwich, that one Day laſt Week a Sloop whereof John Higgen was Maſter, belonging to Cape Ann, was Overſet in that Bay, and that 3 of the Crew were Drowned.

Laſt Monday there happen'd a great Shock of an Earthquake, which was felt at Portſmouth, Haverhill, Newbury, Ipſwich, and other Towns; but we do not hear of any Damage ſuſtained thereby.

Philadelphia, December 5.

It was a Miſtake in our laſt that Conway and Sherwin, two Perſons concerned in Counterfeiting the Money, were in New-Caſtle Goal; we are ſince informed they were in Salem Goal in the Jerſies; but are now admitted to Bail.

The Money was found hid in an Iſland in the Middle of a great Marſh. There are Twenty Shilling and Ten Shilling Bills of New-Caſtle; and Twenty and Fifteen Shilling Bills of this Province: Tho' tis ſaid that but few of our Bills are uttered. 'Tis reported that they have paſſed in all near 700l. The Counterfeit 20s. of New-Caſtle may be diſtinguiſhed from the true ones by the Marks deſcribed in our laſt: The 10s. of the ſame Currency may be known in general by the Paleneſs of the Print, and particularly by this, that in the Word TEN SHILLINGS in the Body of the Bill, the firſt S of SHILLINGS ſtands much too low in the Line, thus SHILLINGS. The 20s. of *Pennſylvania* Currency may be known by the *G* in the Word *SHILLINGS* on the Top of the Bill, being too high for the reſt of the Letters, thus.

TWENTY SHILLINGS.

We hear that an overſet Canoe was found drove aſhore one Morning laſt Week up the River, with a Man lying dead on the outſide upon its Bottom. It had been a cold Night, and 'tis thought that the Canoe overſetting, the Man got on its Bottom, but periſh'd with Cold before it drove aſhore.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entered In.

Ship Briſtol Merchnt, Edmund Stot, from Boſton.
Brigt. Indian Queen, Edward Dumareſque, from Boſton.
Snow Charming Molly, Peter Nihil, from Antigua.
------ Charming Molly, Alexander Ure, from Jamaica.

Entred Out.

Sloop Experiment, Lawrence Pyper, for South-Carolina.
------ Exchange, Benjamin Conyers for Dublin.
Ship Diamond, William Clay, for Cadiz.

Cleared.

Scooner Brunſwick, William Hay, to Belfaſt.
Ship Neptune, William Berwick, to Cadiz.
Brigt. Sarah and Mary, Thomas Stamper, to Barbadoes.
Sloop St. Domingo, William Williams, to St. Chriſtophers.
------ Lovely Hannah, Richard Painter, to Antigua.
Brigt. Lancaſhire Witch, Jona. Burchall, to Barbadoes.
Snow Pompey, James Wyllie, to Antigua.

ALL *Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of* Samuel Nichols, *late of* Philadelphia, *Bricklayer, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to his Widow,* Mary Nichols. *Alſo thoſe who have any Accompts to ſettle, are deſired to come and ſettle the ſame.*

For LONDON, *directly,*

THE Ship *Ann, John Stedman* Maſter, will ſail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Paſſage agree with ſaid Maſter at his Store on Mr. *Fiſhbourn's* Wharff.

N. B. She will have very good Accommodations for Paſſengers.

Stolen out of the Shop of William Croſthwaite, *Perukemaker of this City, four natural Wigs,* viz. *One flaxen Child's Wig, one flaxen old Wig, one pale Wig, about half worn, the other a very light Engliſh made Wig, the Curl flag'd behind, having been wet. Whoever brings the ſaid Wigs to the ſaid Shop again, ſhall receive* Ten Shillings *apiece for the three firſt mentioned, and* Twenty *for the laſt, and no Queſtions ask'd; or if any Perſon will give Notice of them ſo that they may be had again, and the Thief brought to Juſtice, he ſhall have double the Reward above-mentioned. If they are offer'd to be pawn'd or ſold, pray ſtop them.*

N. B. *At the ſame Place ſeveral fine marble Tables are to be ſold, and a good Price is given for all ſorts of Humane Hair, and fine Horſehair.* William Croſthwaite.

To be SOLD,

A LOT of Land containing three Acres, bounding on York *Road, about an hundred Yards from the Brickyard lately belonging to* Daniel Pegg, *deceas'd. It is a corner Lot, with a good Stone Well, and planted with Apple-trees, Peach-trees, and Cherry-trees, and run over with* Engliſh *Graſs. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe may inquire of*

William Rakeſtraw.

THESE are to give Notice, that Robert Lucas *of* Wellingborrow *Townſhip in the County of* Burlington, *is deſirous next Spring with Leave of the Provinces of* Weſt-New-Jerſey *and* Pennſylvania, *to keep and manage a Ferry truly at his Landing, within leſs than a quarter of a Mile of the Place where the Ferry has been held heretofore, upon theſe Terms, Ferriage for Man and Horſe nine pence, for Single Perſons four pence, a Gill of Rum for three pence, and extraordinary good Paſturage for Horſes and Cattle upon Reaſonable Terms. If there will be Encouragement for him, he deſigns to cut a Road from the* Red-Houſe, *to the Houſe adjoining to the great Road next to* Leonard Van Degrift's *Plantation, which is ſuppoſed to be a Mile and a Half nearer.*

To be SOLD,

A Plantation in Warminſter, *Bucks County, upon Upper-*York *Road, conſiſting of* 100 *Acres of Land, a large commodious Houſe, fit for either a ſtore or Tavern, large Barn and ſtable, fine young Orchard and good Meadowing. Any Perſon enclining to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to* William Howel *near the Bank Meeting-Houſe,* Philadelphia.

ALL *Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of* John Spence, *late of* Philadelphia, *deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payments to* Jacob Duche *of the ſame Place, Adminiſtrator. Alſo thoſe who have any Accompts to ſettle with the ſame, are deſired to bring them in.*

KUND und zu wiſſen allen denen jenigen welche einige Theilung mit Johan Backer Schap-kiper in Philadelphia gehabt haben weillen derſelbe geſtorben: ſo wird von allen welche in ſchuld: geblieben und noch zu bezahlen haben ſich ohne weittern verzug anhero komen und ihre ſchuldichkeit an Benjamin Morgan, oder Hannah Baker, Exececutozes abzutragen in alhieſiger Statt: und welche einige Rechtmaſige foꝛderung haben konen ihre Rechnung einbringen.

ALL Perſons who are indebted to the Eſtate of *John Baker*, late of *Philadelphia* Shopkeeper, deceaſed, are hereby required to make ſpeedy Payment to *Benjamin Morgan*, or *Hannah Baker* Widow, the Executors of the laſt Will of the ſaid *John Baker*. As alſo thoſe who have any Demands, are deſired to bring in their Accompts.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New-Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.